# Foundation for Iranian Studies Program of Oral History

COLONEL ISSA PEJMAN

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INTERVIEWEE: COLONEL ISA PEJMAN

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PARIS: MAY 1983

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## PREFACE

This manuscript is the product of a series of tape-recorded interviews conducted for the Oral History of Iran Program of Foundation for Iranian Studies by Akbar Etemad with Issa Pejman in Paris, France, in May, 1983.

Readers of this Oral History memoir should bear in mind that it is a transcript of the spoken word, and that the interviewer, narrator and editor sought to preserve the informal, conversational style that is inherent in such historical sources. Foundation for Iranian Studies is not responsible for the factual accuracy of the memoir, nor for the views expressed therein.

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این جانب متن ونوار مصاحبه های انجام شده در ارتباط بابرنا مه " تاریخ شفاهی ایران " را به بنیا دمطالعات ایران هدیه میکنیم تادر اجرای برنامه های Tموزشی و تحقیقاتی بنیا دمورداستفیاده

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ملاحظات:

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موضوع نوار :

### BIOGRAPHICAL NOTE

Issa Pejman was born in Sanandaj. He entered the Officer Training College in 1944. He began his work with counter-intelligence by infiltrating the newly organized Tudeh network among the officers at the college. He continued intelligence work after graduation. Later, he was appointed to the Kurdish section of SAVAK where his Kurdish background provided unusual access and contacts among various Kurdish groups. He was sent to Iraq to establish contact with the Iraqi Kurds.

During his stay in Iraq he had occasion to accompany Teymour Bakhtiar in his travels and meetings in that country. On returning to Iran he was transfered to the Police Force where he headed the intelligence section. He was given tasks which were parallel to SAVAK programs, among them activities to counteract and destroy Bakhtiar's opposition to the regime.

Issa Pejman's recollections shed light on subjects which due to their confidentiality have thus far remained unknown to researchers interested in contemporary Iranian politics and history. His relationships with security and police chiefs and his direct contact with the Shah demonstrate the attitude of certain personalities who tended to put matters of personal power and inter-agency rivalry above national security interests.

Colonel Pejman's memoir gives first hand information concerning the role of Iran in the Kurdish activities in Iraq, events leading to the Iraqi revolution, and generally the problems of Kurdish autonomy as addressed and sometimes used by the leaders of the two countries.

# CONTENTS INTERVIEW # 1 COLONEL ISSA PEJMAN

SUBJECT	PAGE
Military background, organization of a Tudeh network in the army and the mission of the interviewee in discovering the network, relationship between Razmara and HIM	1-3
Activities of the interviewee in the army, participation in the event of 28th Mordad, transfer to SAVAK	s 3-8
Work with the Kurdish Affairs Section of SAVAK, interviewee's mission during the Iraqi revolution, drawing the government's attention to th problems of Kurdistan, meeting with Jalal Talbani, attempts to overthrow the Qassem government in Iraq, views of the U.S. and Great Britain concerning the government of Qassem	
Mobilization of the Iraqi Kurds in the overthrow of the Qassem regime audience with HIM to discuss Kurdish problems, shortcomings of the development programs of the government in the Kurdish areas, gaining government support for activities against the Iraqi regime, arrangement for Iraqi Kurdish chiefs to travel across the border to Iran to discuss the issues, preparations to deliver arms to the Iraqi Kurds	14-18
Meeting with Barzani, payment of funds to Barzani to oppose the Qasser regime and preparations for the coup d'etat, attempt to assassinate Qassem, the fall of the Qassem government and his execution	n 18-24
Views of Israel and the U.S. concerning the Kurds, meeting between General Pakravan and Mola Mostafa Barzani, preparations for the meeting between Israeli Army officers and Mostafa Barzani, murder and execution of the communists in Iraq	24-29
Audience with HIM to report on Kurdish affairs, follow up on matters related to the Iraqi revolution after Qassem's execution, meeting with Sadam Hossein and discussions concerning relations between the two countries, death of Aref in a helicopter crash, election of Aref as president of Iraq and his visit to Iran, his positive attitude toward relations between the two countries, unsuccessful coup against Aref's government	3 29-34
Teymour Bakhtiar's trip to Iraq and response of the Iraqi officials, Teymour Bakhtiar's meeting with Ayatollah Hakim, report of Bakhtiar's activities in Baghdad to Iran and lack of response from Tehran, Meetin of Bakhtiar with Iraqi and Kurdish leaders	1g 34-39
News of the 15th Khordad uprising, Bakhtiar leaves Baghdad for Beirut, concern of the chief of SAVAK regarding lack of news of the reports sent on Bakhtiar's activities, recall of the interviewee to Tehran and questioning concerning contact with Bakhtiar	39-42

# CONTENTS INTERVIEW # 1 COLONEL ISSA PEJMAN

SUBJECT PAGE

Cooperation between Khomeini and Bakhtiar in the 15th Khordad uprising, parallel plans in SAVAK and police concerning murder of Bakhtiar, expansion of relations with the Kurds, transfer of the interviewee from SAVAK to the Police and appointment as chief of police intelligence office, discovery of a bomb on Hoveyda's route, receipt of the news of Bakhtiar's death, Iraqi guard for Bakhtiar, relations of Khomeini and Bakhtiar subsequent to Bakhtiar's second trip to Iraq 42-50

Aref's trip to Iran, meeting with Sadam Hossein, difference of opinion between SAVAK and police concerning certain security issues, retirement of the interviewee, employment in the Ministry of Landreform and Rural Cooperatives, Algiers Accord and improvement of relations between Iran and Iraq, effects of this development on the Kurds who were no longer assisted by Iran, mission abroad to study Kurdish attitudes in various countries, arrest and questioning by SAVAK on returning to Iran, release from prison, appointment with HIM to report on the post Algiers Accord Kurdish attitudes and problems, meeting with the leaders of the autonomy movement in Kurdistan to eliminate the negative feelings about HIM

50-61

Travel abroad to continue studies, meeting with Princess Ashraf in New York accompanied by Salar Jaf, discussion of Kurdish problems with the Princess, waste of the funds allocated for the mobilization of the Kurds

61-64

Mame	Page
Afsha'i, General `Isa,	47-48
	- 1
Akhavi, General Morteza,	1-6
Alam, Amir Asadollah,	35,39,62
Alavi-Kiya, General Hasan,	8,14,16,39,65
Amani, Jamshid,	18,51,52,55,56
Amjadi, Ceneral Mostafa,	1,7
Ansari, General Mohammad,	7
Aram, `Abbas,	22,24,32
Aref, Fu'ad,	22
Aref, `Abdol-Rahman,	32-34,50
Aref, `Abdol-Razzaq,	33-34
Aref, `Abdol-Salam,	19,20,23,28,
,	30-32
Arfa`, General Hasan,	3
Ariyana, Ceneral Bahram,	3,4,39
Askari, `Ali,	16
Baba `Ali,	21-22
Misc Mill	4.126
Bakhtiyar, General Teymur,	7,9,10,14,16,
commercial Concerns	34-44,47-49
	34-44,47-43
Barzani, Molla Mostafa,	12,14,15-19,24-28,
recently hours and are	38,45
	20,42
Bazzaz,	32
Beglari, General Manuchehr,	53
Ebrahim Ahmad,	
	17,38,45
Emami, Hasan (Fman Jom'eh),	51,54
Eslaminiya,	64
Events of 1953,	5-6
Events of 1963,	39,49,42-44
Fardust, General Hosein,	32,46,48
Farsiyo, Ceneral,	41,42
Hadi Kalbi,	13
Hakim, Ayatollah Mohsen,	30,37
Hagan al Bake	20, 20, 20, 21
Hasan al-Bakr,	20,28,30,31,
	49,50
Hashemi, General,	58,59
Hoveyda, Amir `Abbas,	32
soveyad, Mair Assas,	
	47 <b>-</b> 48 <b>,</b> 56
Hushmand Afshar, General,	3,4
Jaf, Borhan,	11,12
Jaf, Salar,	57
Jaf, Sardar,	
	57 <b>,</b> 63-65
Jahanbani, General Mansur,	11.
Jam, General Fereydun,	47
Jamal Habas,	57,61
Ja`fari, General Fazlollah,	52-54
Kamal, General Hosein,	32
Kaveh, General,	45

Name	Page
Kelid-Dar, Rashid, Kelid-Dar, `Ali, Khomeini, Ayatollah Seyyed Ruhollah, Khosravani, General Morteza, Kordestan Newspaper, Kurdish Democratic Party,	13,35-36,43 36,38 44,49 41,43 16,11 11-12 57
Mahmud Baban, Mansur, General, Mashayekh-e Faridani, Mir-Jahangiri, General Habibollah, Mobasser, General Mohsen,	13 27 41 6 2,3,6,7,44-48,
Mobayyeni, Moqaddam, Ceneral Naser, Moqaddam, Hushang, Mossadeq, Monammad, Mo`inzadeh, General, Mo`tazed, General `Ali, Uagshbandi, Mazhar, Nasiri, General Ne`matollah, Nasser, Gamal `Abd, National Movement Organization, Muri al-Sa`id, Omar Davabbeh, Oveysi, General Gholam-`Ali, Pahlavi, Moahammad Reza Shah,	51-53  58 51,52,54 34 5 57 24,29,46,51 64 44-46,50-56,58-61 19,23,28,30,33 3,4 12 15,16,18,19,45 65  1,3,4,14-16,21,22, 28,29,31,32,41,43,44,46, 47,48,51,53-55,57,59,61, 62,63
Pahlavi, Princess Ashraf, Pakravan, General Hasan,	64-65 7,8,10,11,14,16, 24-25,29,32,39-41,43, 44,54-56, 59 60,62
Pasha'i, Colonel, Pirasteh, Seyyed Mehdi, Qasem, `Abdol-Karim, Ra'ed, Ja`far, Razmara, General `Ali, Riyahi, General Esma`il, Saddam Hosein,31,49,50,56 Sadri, General Ja`far-Qoli,	8,39,42 33-34 12-15,19-25 22 3,4 6 31,49,50,56 53-54 7-11,18,24,26,37, 38,44-45,47,48,50,
Shahbakhti, General,	51,56,59,60-62 11

# PEJMAN, COLONEL 'ISA

Name	Page
sau, rea dels deu rou Pet, rès, été, des rés, des deu rela seu reu seu seu seu seu seu seu seu seu seu s	trite frite frite then their stee, arts, date from their trite, arts, tam, talle treet man, but, aren men, stee, steen steen
Sharif-Emmai, Ja`far,	39
State Police Department,	44-51
Talebani, Jalal,	12,15,38-39,45
Tavakkoli,	2
Tayyeb,	44
Tudeh Party,	1-2,4,7
Valiyan, `Abdol-`Azim,	55,56,59,62,63
Yazdanpanah, Ceneral Morteza,	39
Zahedi, Ardeshir,	63
Zargham, Ceneral `Ali Akbar,	1-3